

6. Binomial Expansion

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11. (a) Find the first 3 terms, in ascending powers of x , of the binomial expansion of

$$\left(2 - \frac{x}{16}\right)^9$$

giving each term in its simplest form.

(4)

$$f(x) = (a + bx)\left(2 - \frac{x}{16}\right)^9, \text{ where } a \text{ and } b \text{ are constants}$$

Given that the first two terms, in ascending powers of x , in the series expansion of $f(x)$ are 128 and $36x$,

- (b) find the value of a ,

(2)

- (c) find the value of b .

(2)

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14. Find, in simplest form, the coefficient of x^5 in the expansion of

$$(5 + 8x^2)\left(3 - \frac{1}{2}x\right)^6 \quad (5)$$

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6. The binomial expansion of

$$(1 + ax)^{12}$$

up to and including the term in x^2 is

$$1 - \frac{15}{2}x + kx^2$$

where a and k are constants.

(a) Show that $a = -\frac{5}{8}$

(2)

(b) Hence find the value of k

(2)

Using the expansion and making your method clear,

(c) find an estimate for the value of $\left(\frac{17}{16}\right)^{12}$, giving your answer to 4 decimal places.

(2)

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